THE HUGUENOT CHURCH REGISTER OF PONS FRANCE:

Possible denization and migration to Charles Town

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Introduction

It is stated by the respected author Arthur Henry Hirsch, that when the Huguenot Church in Pons France was destroyed after the Edict of Nantes was revoked in 1685, many of the Pons Church congregation went with their pastor, Rev. Elias¹ Prioleau to England where they were accepted for denization². From England they are said to have followed their pastor to Charleston where Elias Prioleau became the first pastor of the Huguenot Church in Charles Town.³ This researcher has found no evidence to support the supposition that many Pons Church members followed their pastor to England, were accepted for denization on the same day and then went to Charles Town. However, conclusions based on the absence of evidence are always subject to revision when new evidence is discovered. The purpose of this article is to stimulate further investigation.

The Pons Story

The "Pons Story" as it is called by Bertrand Van Ruymbeke,⁴ dates back to the mid 1800's and to the work of Alexandre Crottet.^{5 6} It is repeated in <u>The Huguenots of Colonial</u> <u>South Carolina</u>, by Arthur Henry Hirsch, where it is stated –

"The Charles Town French Church was an extension, or perhaps better, a transferred reestablishment of the French Protestant Church of Pons, France, whose pastor was Elias Prioleau. He, with his congregation, in April, 1687(sic),⁷ witnessed the destruction of their church building in that place by their Catholic enemies. While it was being demolished Mr. Prioleau gathered his congregation about him, and after he had addresed them regarding their plans for the future, they determined to embark for England. How many followed him is not known, but the names of a number of French families denizened the same day that Mr. Prioleau and his family were denizened in England, names that in later years are familiar in

¹ <u>Pons Culte de Protestant</u>, 1648-1680, Archives de la Charente-Maritime, page 90, 9 Nov 1664 lists him as "elizée prioleau" at his baptism when he was 3 years old. His father's first name was not seen here, but his father's occupation was "pasteur de pons" and his Mother as jehanne merlat, the same as his siblings which do have the father listed as "samuel priloleau".

² http://www.lectlaw.com/def/d133.htm. Denization: The act by which a foreigner becomes a subject of England; but he has not the rights either of a natural born subject, nor of one who has become naturalized. ³ Elias Prioleau is the first pastor on the list of pastors displayed in the Hugenot Church of Charleston, SC, seen and photographed by this author. He may not have been the first Huguenot pastor in Charles Town, but may have been the first theologically trained Huguenot pastor. There is a large section about the

genisis of Charles Town Huguenot Church in the forthcoming book listed below in footnote 4..

⁴ Bertrand Van Ruymbeke, <u>From Babylon to Eden. A History of the Huguenots in Seventeenth-Century</u> <u>France and Colonial South Carolina, 1660-1740</u>, Columbia: USC Press, forthcoming. The terminology "Pons Story" is used by Bertrand Van Ruymbeke in Chapter 7.

⁵ Bertrand Van Ruymbeke, visiting professor at the College of Charleston and associate professor of American civilization at the Université de Toulouse, France, personal communication on 27 December 2003.

⁶ <u>Dictionnaire Historique de la Suisse</u>, lists Alexandre Crottet as Pastor of the Pons protestant church in 1837 and the author of many publications on French Protestantism.

⁷ Marguerite Couturier Steedman, <u>A Short History of the French Huguenot Church of Charleston, South</u> <u>Carolina</u>, 1970, page three has the correct date of April 1686.

Carolina, indicate reasons for the supposition that at least a number followed their spiritual leader to England and subsequently to South Carolina.⁸

Since the families supposedly denizened with Rev. Prioleau are included in The Huguenot Society of London publication Volume XVIII on pages 182-192 (denization date 9 Apr 1687, patent date 15 April 1687)⁹ and the Register for the Pons Church exists for the years 1648-1680, this novice researcher thought that it would be easy to match the families in the Pons Register with the denization list and then to families in South Carolina.

Problems

A most difficult task was reading the 17th century script in the Pons registry. The names entered into the registry were apparently spelled phonetically, since a name in the Pons registry is often spelled differently in the signature below the entry, as well as in different entries for the same family. Most of the names are written with the first letter not capitalized (that format is preserved in this article). Many of the t's were not crossed, or the cross was part of the adjacent letter. The organized information that was used in this article resulted from the hard work of Michel Chauvin in France who deciphered the more than 1350 entries.

Problems with the denization list include that the scribe in England, apparently used the english spellings that he knew when spelling the names phonetically, therefore, they were often anglicized (for instance, Elizée is written as Elias). All the letters of the names were capitalized in the Huguenot Society of England publication.

There are fourteen people listed as "clerk" in the 9 April 1687 denization list. They are Isaac Brian, Rene Bertheau, James de Brissac, Stephen Du Soul, James D'Allemagne, Philip Du Pont, Stephen Fouace, Lewis Fleury,¹⁰ Rene' Guibert, John Gomar, Charles Le Cene,¹¹ James Mission, Elias Prioleau, and John Renaudot.¹² Clerk may mean Clerk in Holy Orders¹³ or may be an anglicization of the French word clergé. Therefore, if we assume that some of the families listed are with Rev. Prioleau, then we also have to allow that some families may have been with the other pastors.

¹² The Huguenot Society of London, QuartoSeries, Volume XVIII, pp 182-192 list the fourteen clerks.

⁸ Arthur Henry Hirsch, <u>The Huguenots of Colonial South Carolina</u>, with a new introduction by Bertrand Van Ruymbeke, University of South Carolina Press, 1999, page 51.

 ⁹ William A. Shaw [ed], <u>The Huguenot Society of London, QuartoSeries</u>, Volume XVIII, Letters of Denization and Acts of Naturalization for Aliens in England and Ireland, 1603-1700, 1911, pp 182-192. The Huguenot Society of London is now The Huguenot Society of Great Britain and Ireland.
¹⁰ Samuel SMILES, <u>THE HUGUENOTS: Their Settlements, Churches, and Industries in England and</u>

Ireland, 1868, lists Louis Fleury was a Huguenot pastor of Tours who fled into England in 1683. ¹¹ The letters of Bourke, Blanche Julia (1826-1918) nee Wyndham, wife of 6th Earl of Mayo. Cambridge

University Library, Department of Manuscripts and University Archives Reference: Add MS 7490 NRA 34983 Bourke, mentions Charles Le Cene (1647-1703) as a Huguenot theologian.

¹³ Tony Fuller, an editor of the Huguenot Society of Great Britain and Ireland Proceedings and Quarto Series, personal communication on 6 January 2004.

Denization list comparison

A denization list with the same date, does not necessarily indicate that all the families were in the same group. "The reason why denization and naturalization lists cannot be used for checking who was England and when is that these lists were compiled with considerable administrative delays. They just indicate that so and so applied for denization/naturalization at some point and therefore was in England but in no way do they mean that the listees were in England together at the time the lists were registered." There is a gap of over 6 months between the Prioleau denization entry and the next group of entries. So it is not surprising that a thorough examination of the first and last names in the Pons Registry and of the names denizened with Rev. Prioleau on 9 April 1687 reveals only one obvious match, the family of Rev. Elias Prioleau. Even this match would not be clear when compared to the Pons registry if it were not known that the father of Elias (elizée) was Rev. Samuel Prioleau.¹⁴

The Pons Registry, page three, dated 24 March 1649, lists marie prioleau as the daughter of Samuel Prioleau, ministre du culte de Pons and wife jehanne merlat. Page seven, dated 5 September 1650, lists elisabeth as the daughter of samuel prioleau, pasteur de pons, and interestingly lists a parrain (Godfather) as alizée (Elisée) prioleau pasteur d'exoudun.¹⁵ Page thirteen, dated 9 November 1664 lists helie as the son of samuel prioleau and wife jehanne merlat. Page twenty six, dated 7 June 1654, lists jehanne, daughter of samuel prioleau pasteur de pons and wife jehanne merlat. Page one hundred and one, dated 19 March 1666 lists marie prileau (at the age of 18). Although jehanne (Jane) mother and daughter are listed in the registry, they may be Jane the mother and Jane the sister of Elias, not Jane his wife and Jane his daughter in the denization list.¹⁶

There are almost 1000 different¹⁷ family names in the Pons Registry. The only other possible matches (but with no compelling evidence) that this author can find are:¹⁸ andré/Andrieu, bernard/Bernard, bernot/Bernou, brion/Brian, chastellier/Chastelier, chevallier/Chevalier, corsin/Courson, duhamel/DuHamel, gaillard/Gaillard, galliot/Gallet, garnier/Garnier, gaudeau/Gaudet, gourdin/Gourdin, more/More, moreau/Moreau, mousnier/Mousnier, renaudot/Renaudot, and rousseau/Rousseau.

Of the names above, the only two last names that also have matching first names, are Chevallier¹⁹ and Garnier.²⁰

¹⁴ Horry Frost Prioleau (a descendant of the Rev. Elias Prioleau), personal communications and confirmed by other sources.

¹⁵ F. Dubreuil membre de la Société des Antiquaires de l'Ouest, de la Société des Archives historiques du Poitou de la Société historique des Deux-Sèvres, <u>Essai de monographie de la commune d' EXOUDUN</u>, 1800 describes Démolition du temple d'Exoudun in Chapitre XVI. Elisée Prioleau, pastor of Exoudun, is said to have died in 1650 and to be the father of Elisée, also pastor of Exoudun and of Samuel pastor of Poué.

¹⁶ Rev. David C. A. Agnew, <u>Protestant Exiles From France</u>, confirms Jane, the wife of Elias, Elias and Jane their children were given denization under James II, 9 April 1687.

¹⁷ If all the various spellings of the same names were combined, the number would be smaller. If we limit the list to the last name of only the primary entries, the list is approximately 300 names.

¹⁸ The format used here for the names is "Pons Registry last name"/"Denization last name".

¹⁹ <u>Pons Culte de Protestant</u>, pp 26 and 33 (1654 and 1655), list parents as jean (John) and jehanne (Jane) chevallier, matching the parents names on page 184 of the 9 April 1687 denizations. None of their

There were indeed Huguenots that came from Pons, France to England. On 12 January 1680, Pierre Guerin a native of Pons, Xaintonge, was elected as a Deacon of the French Church in Threadneedle Street.²¹ Also a few members of the Pons Church may have been denizened before or after 9 April 1687 and may have eventually followed their pastor to Charles Town..

Conclusion

With the exception of Elias Prioleau there are only two family groups listed in the denizations of 9 April 1687 that might match both the first and last names in the Pons Registry from 1648 to 1680. Some of the families may have been with the fourteen pastors in the 9 April 1687 denization list. Therefore, this author has concluded that very few of the families denizened on this date were members of the Pons church that supposedly followed their pastor to England. The door remains open to find families that formed (or joined) between November 1680 and April 1686, or various spellings that this author did not recognize, but there should not be a sufficient number of families that were missed to change the conclusion.

Some of the maiden and godparents last names in the Pons Registry were similar to names in the denization list, so some families may have had connections to the Pons church even if they were not members. Most Huguenots may have known Elias since his grandfather, Elisée Prioleau, his uncle also named Elisée Prioleau and his father Solomon Prioleau were all Huguenot pastors.²² Samuel was the pastor in four or five different cities. Elias was the pastor in two different French cities and his maternal uncle was the Huguenot theologian Elie Merlat.²³ Also, many Huguenot pastors came to Pons in 1667 for the "Synod of Pons".²⁴ Therefore, it would have been natural for Huguenots to know and to gather around Elias in England and to join him in Charles Town.

Bertrand Van Ruymbeke has studied the Huguenot immigration to Charles Town, SC for many years. In a recent communication from the author, he stated "In my upcoming book on the Huguenots in colonial South Carolina I have a few pages on what I call the "Pons story," i.e. that it has been falsely claimed that the Charleston congregation was a transfer of the Pons church.²⁵ If you compare the records, they simply don't match as you've seen."

NOTES:

children's names in the Pons Registry match names in the Denization list of 9 April 1687, but there is over 30 years time span between the entries.

²⁰ <u>Pons Culte de Protestant</u>, has 44 entries for children of various garnier families, pierre appears as a child on p 102 in 1666 and <u>The Huguenot Society of London</u>, <u>QuartoSeries</u> lists Peter as a father on p 187.

²¹ Threadneedle Street Consistory Court records per a personal communication on 6 January 2004 from Tony Fuller, an editor of the Huguenot Society of Great Britain and Ireland Proceedings and Quarto Series.

²² F. Dubreuil, <u>Essai de monographie de la commune d' EXOUDUN</u> (de l'origine à 1800), chapter 16.

²³ Bertrand Van Ruymbeke, personal communication on 18 January 2004.

²⁴ Horry Frost Prioleau, personal communications in 2003.

²⁵ Bertrand Van Ruymbeke, <u>From Babylon to Eden. A History of the Huguenots in Seventeenth-Century</u> <u>France and Colonial South Carolina, 1660-1740</u>, Columbia: USC Press, forthcoming, Chapter 7.

I-A more difficult task is to search for families of the Pons Church in early South Carolina. This author welcomes help from researchers that may be familiar with various French Huguenot families. The author can supply a spread sheet of the Pons Registry prepared by Michel Chauvin and digital images of relevant Registry pages to interested researchers.

II-The State Papers Domestic Carolus II (Charles, 2nd King of England) denization Entry Book, 67 for 9 April 1687 (variants of 15 April 1687 Patent Roll 3, James II., part 3 appear in parenthesis) lists²⁶: DANIEL ALBERT. FRANCIS ASSELIN. GABRIELL AUGIER. JACOB ANSOLL (ANSEL). JAMES ARNAUDIN. FRANCIS ANDRIEU. ALART BELLIN. ANTHONY BOUREAU. ADAM BOSQUAIN. DANIEL BORDERIE. PETER BELLIN. JOHN BOURRYAU (BOURREYAN). PAUL BUSSERAU (BUSSEREAU). OLIVER BESSLY (BESLY). PETER BOISSEAUX. JOHN BAUDOUIN. ISAAC BUOR, AYMEE', his wife, FRANCIS, their son. GABRIELL BOUR, MARGARET, his wife, GABRIELLA and ISRAELITA, their children. ELIAS BONHEREAU (BAUHEREAU). MARGARET, his wife, ELIAS, RICHARD, AMATOR, JOHN, MARGARET, BLANDINE and LEWIS BROUART, AYMEE, his wife, and AYMEE, their daughter. SAMUEL BOURDET. ANTHONY BARRON. ISAAC BRIAN, clerk. RENE' BERTHAU (BERTHEAU), clerk, MARTHA, his wife, CHARLES and MARTHA, their children. JAMES DE BRISSAC (JAMES BRISSAC), clerk, RACHEL, his wife. GABRIEL BERNOU. PETER BURTEL. JOHN BOUSSAC. DAVID BUTEL. PETER BRATELIER. ISAAC BOUFORT (BOUFART), ANNE, his wife. JANE BERNARD, JOHN BARBIER and MARY, his wife, JAMES, THEODORE, OLIVER and RICHARD, their children. JAMES BENOIST. [ROMANES, (sic) JAMES BADIFFE (RADIFFE) DES PERSIDE, his wife, JAMES, RENE', BENINA, ISABELLA, MARY, and GABRIELLE, their children, DANIEL BRIANCEAU and ELIZABETH, his wife, JACOB COUTRIS (COUTRIS). PETER CHASTELIER, MARY SUSANNA, his wife. ABRAHAM COSSARD. PETER CAILLARD. HENRY CODERK. HENRY AUGUSTUS CHASTAIGNE DE CRAMACHE. ABRAHAM COURSON. SAMPSON CHASSES (CHASLES). JAMES CHIROT, ANNA, his wife. JAMES and SUSANNA, their children. JOHN CHARLES. MOSES CHARLES. PAUL COURAUD. JOHN CHAIGINEAU, MARY, his wife, PETER and ESTHER, their children. ELIAS COTHRONNEAU (COTHENNEAU). ABRAHAM CARRE'. DANIEL CHARDIN. MICHAEL CHALOPIN. WILLIAM CROMELIN. MATHIAS CHAIGNEAU, MARY, his wife, MATHIAS, PETER and SUSANNA, their children. PETER CHARDON. PETER CORREGES. ABRAHAM CLARY. ABRAHAM COSTAT. JOHN CONSTANTIN and ELIZABETH, his wife. JOHN CHEVALIER, JANE, his wife, JOHN, DANIEL, ELIZABETH, his wife. JOHN CHEVALIER, JANE, his wife, JOHN, DANIEL, PETER, ELIZABETH and JUDITH, their children ELIAZ DEPUY, ELIZABETH, his wife MICHAEL, MARY, DANIEL, ELIZABETH, ELIAZ, FRANCIS and JOSEPH, their children. JOHN-JAMES DAVID. JOSEPH DUCASSE, ANN DAVALL (DAVAL), MARY, MAGDALEN, CHARLES and JOHN, her children. MICHAEL DE CAUX, ESTHER, his wife, and JUDITH, their daughter. PETER DU HAMEL. STEPHEN DUCLOSS. LEWIS DE VEILL. JAMES DE CAUX, ELIZABETH, his wife, JAMES, ELIZABETH and MARY, their children. JOHN DE SENE, and JOHN, his son. ANN DAVALL (DAVAL), MARY, MAGDALEN, CHARLES and JOHN, her children. MICHAEL DE CAUX, ESTHER, his wife, and JUDITH, their daughter. PETER DU HAMEL. STEPHEN DUCLOSS. LEWIS DE VEILL. JAMES DE CAUX, ELIZABETH, his wife, JAMES, ELIZABETH and MARY, their children. JOHN DE SENE, and JOHN, his son. JAMES D'ALLEMAGNE, clerk. PETER DE VAUX. ISAAC DES LANDES. JAMES DUCASSE. STEPHEN DU SOUL (DUSOUL), clerk. JAMES DEMAY, BENINE, his wife, LEWIS, JACOB and JANE, their children. PAUL DOUXAIN, ESTHER, his wife, Mary, their daughter. SAMUEL DU BOURDIEU. PETER DE LA MARRE. ABRAHAM DESESSARAS. JAMES DE BOURDEAUX, MAGDALEN, his wife, MARGARET, MAGDALEN, PETER DE LA MARRE. ABRAHAM DESESSARAS. JAMES DE BOURDEAUX, MAGDALEN, his wife, MARGARET, MAGDALEN, JUDITH, JANET and JUDITH. their daughters, JACOB DE HANE, JACOB DE MILLON, LEWIS DE LANSAC (LANSETT), JAMES DE LA BARRE, GEORGE LEWIS DOUNT, JOHN DEFRAY (DEFFRAY), CATHERINA, his wife, and JOHN, their son, PAUL (Du PIN), CAROLINA [DU PIN), and MARY DU PIN. CHARLES D'HERBY. PHILIP DU PONT, clerk. MARGARET DE LOUVAIN. DAVID DE LACOMBE, FRANCIS DE LA COMBE, and PETER DE LA COMBE. LEWIS EMERY. PAUL EMERY. LEWIS ESCOFFIER. PETER FLEURIAU (FLEUREAU). ANDREW FOUCAUT. PETER FIRMISIAL (FIRMINIAL). BENJAMIN FANEVIL. ANTHONY FAVRE. LEWIS FLEURY, clerk, ESTHER, his wife, PHILIP, AMAURY, ESTHER and MARY, their children. JAMES FRUSCHART, CATHERINA, his wife, JAMES and PHILIP, their children. STEPHEN FOUACE (FOVATE), clerk. CHARLES FOUACE (FOVATE). ABRAHAM LE CONTE STEPHEN GAGET. CAQUAS FRESNEAU. ANNA (FERRE']. ANDREW [FERRE']. ELIZABETH [FERRE'] and GABRIELLE FERRE'. WILLIAM FRET. JAMES FOUOUEREL, MARTHA FUMESHAW, JOHN, PETER, MAGDALEN and JUDITH, her children. DAVID GODIN, FRANCIS [sic], his wife, DAVID, BENJAMIN, MARY and MARTHA, their children. EZEKIEL GRASZELLIER. LAURENCE GOLDIG (GALDY). HENRY GARDIES. PETER GALLET. MICHAEL GARNIER, MARY, his wife, JAMES, DANIEL and SAMUEL, his children. PETER GARNIER. PHILIPS GUAGAIN (GAUGAIN). STEPHEN GUITAN (GUITAU). NICOLAS GAUDIES. STEPHEN GALCHERIE (GASHERIE). STEPHEN, DAVID and LEWIS, and children. SAMUEL GINGUIER (GUIGUIER). PETER GLORLA. JUDITH GASCHERIE (GASHERE). JOHN and STEPHEN, her children. PETER GUEPIN, RACHEL, his wife, DAVID, PETER, JOHN and ABRAHAM, their

²⁶ William A. Shaw [ed], <u>The Huguenot Society of London, QuartoSeries</u>, Volume XVIII, pp 182-192.

children. RENE' GUIBERT, clerk, JOHN GERNY and ANN, his wife, JOHN GAUDET, JAOUETTE, his wife, CHARLES and JOHN, their children. CHARLES GAUCHE. JOHN GOMAR, clerk. JOHN GAYOT and JANE, his wife. MOSES GUILLOT. PHILIP [GUESNARD]. PETER [GUESNARD] and JANE GUESNARD. DAVID GUEPIN. JOHN GUEPIN JAMES GOUBERT. PETER GOURDIN and MARY, his wife. JOHN HATTANVILLE. JAMES HEBERT (HERBERT). JOHN HERVIEU. ARMAND HARDY. HENRY JUSTEL. DANIEL JAMINEAU. CLAUDIUS JAMINEAU. ABRAHAM JAMAIN. LEWIS JOURDAIN. FLEURANCE JOYAU (JOYAIJ). PETER JULIEN DE ST. JULIEN, JANE, his wife, PETER, LEWIS, PAUL, AYMEE, CAROLINA, MARGARET and EMILIA, their children. DAVID LAUROIDES (LAUREIDE). DENIS LANIBERT. JACOB LE FEBVRE. DANIEL LE FEBVRE. JOHN LE CORDIER (LORDIER). OLIVER LONGUET. PETER LAISISE (LAISNE). ANNE his wife, and ANN and JANE, their daughters. MOSES LA CROIX (CRORE). JAMES LIEGE, MARY, his wife. JOHN LOQUIN. STEPHEN LUFOES. (LENFOES). MATHEW LAFITTE. JAMES [LAMBERT] and MARY LAMBERT. RACHEL LE PLASTRIER, CATHERINA and ANNA, her children. CHARLES LE CENE, clerk. PETER LE BLOND. ANDREW and FRANCIS LAUVAN (LAURAU) JOHN LIOVIS. VIGOR LE CENE. HILAIR LASEUR (LA FEUR). JACOB LEGNAY. PETER LALOUELE (LA LOBELE). STEPHEN LE MOYNE, ESTHER, his wife, and ESTHER, his daughter. MATHEW LE CERF, CAESAR MOZE (MORE). PETER MOUSNIER. STEPHEN MAZICQ, SARAH, his wife, and STEPHEN, their son. GABRIEL MARBEUST THOMAS, ANN and ESTHER. his children. ABRAHAM MEURE, (MEUZE). MAGDALEN, his, wife, ABRAHAM ANDREW and DANIEL, their children. PETER MICHOU, CATHERINE, his wife. JOHN METIVIER. STEPHEN MARET and. ANNE his wife. JOHN JAMES MARTIN [gap. Possibly for children]. FRANCIS MACAIRE [gap. Possibly for children]. JAMES MELL (METT). DAVID and SAMUEL MOTTEUX. CLAUDIUS MAZIERES. ADAM MAINTRU. JOHN MENANTEAU, JOHN, DANIEL, JONAS, PETER, MOSES, JUDITITH and MARY, his children. PETER MALEARTE (MALACARTE). ABRAHAM MARTIN. GUY MESMIN (MESNIM), ANN-MARY, his wife, and GUY, their son. ISAAC MAZICQ. THOMAS MICHEL. JAMES MOREAU. ABEL MELIER. FRANCIS MARCHANT. JAMES MARTEL. JAMES MISSION, clerk, JUDITH, his wife, MAXIMILIEN, JAMES-FRANCIS, HENRY-PETER and ANN-MARGARET, their children. MARTHA MINUEL and DAVID, her son. ELIZA (ELIAZ) NISBET. CLAUDIUS NOBILLEAU, MAGDALEN, his wife DANIEL, HENRY, ELIZABETH and JUDITH, their children. ELIAS NEZEREAU, MAGDALEN, his wife, ELIAS and JANE, their children. JAMES NEEL. NICHOLAS NEEL, MARY, his wife, and MARY, their daughter. NICHOLAS OURSEL. BARTHOLOMEW OGELBY. DANIEL PERREAU (PARREAU). JOHN PARE', PETER, JOHN, MARY and SUSANNA, his children. PETER PASCAL and MARY, his wife. JAMES PELTIER (PELETIER). ELIAS PRIOLEAU, clerk, JANE, his wife, ELIAS and JANE, their children. DAVID PRINGEL. WILLIAM PIERRE, WILLIAM, DAVID, GABRIEL, MARY, RACHEL and ANN, his children. ELIZABETH PLAY. SAMUEL PARIOLLEAU. SAMUEL PAQUET and ANN, his wife. JOSEPH PAULET. MARTHA PEAU, MARTHA, ELIZABETH, MARY and RENE', her children. ALEXANDER PEPIN, MAGDALEN, his wife, PAUL and MAGDALEN, their children. SUSANNA PERDRIAUX, ELIAS, ELIZABETH, ESTHER, RACHEL and MARY-ANNA, her children. CAESAR PAGET. GABRIEL PEPIN. CESAR PEGORIER, MARY, his wife. PETER PERDRIAUX, ELIZABETH, his wife, PETER and JOHN, their children. STEPHEN [PERDRIAUX] and OZEE PERDRIAUX. CLEMENT PAILLET, MARY his wife, DANIEL, his son. CHARLES PICAUT. PAUL PAILLET ANNA, his wife, and MARY, their daughter. (Before Ouesnel the Patent Roll reads: CLEMENT PAILLET, JUDITH, MARY, MARGARET, JANE, and SUSANNE, his children.) JACOB OUESMES (OUESNEL). STEPHEN ROBINEAU, JUDITH, his wife, and MARY their daughter. FRANCIS ROBAIN, HENRIETTA, his wife, and HESTER, their daughter. JOHN. RENAUDOT (RENAUDET), clerk, MAGDALEN, his wife JOHN, DANIEL, JULIA and ISRAELITE, their children. JOHN RIBOTEAU, MAGDALEN, his wife, HENRY, MAGDALEN and MARY, their children. ISAAC RAMBAUD. PETER RIOULET (RIOLET). DANIEL RUEL. PHILIP ROUSSEAU, (ROUSEU). WILLIADI ROCHE. PETER RONDELET and JOSEPH, his son. LAWRENCE SAUVAGE. JOHN SABATIES, JOHN SEVERIN. PETER SAMSON and MARY, his wife. MARY STERRELL. MATHEW SCHUT. GABRIEL TAHOURDIN. NICOLAS TOURTON. BENJAMIN TOURTELOT. PETER TRINQUAND. DANIEL THOUVOIS and PAUL, his son. JAMES TRITTAU and JANE, his wife. ANTONY VANDERHULST. ISAAC VAUTHIE. PETER VIDEAU, JANE and ELIZABETH, his daughters JOHN VERGER and GABRIELLE, his wife. FRANCIS VAILLANT, JAQUELINE; his wife, PAUL, FRANCIS, ISAAC, SUSANNA and MARY, their children. MAGDALEN VANCOUET. HENRY VAREILLE. ABRAHAM LE CONTE, being all aliens born, etc., etc. [with-out the clause requiring oaths of allegiance]. Dated Whitehall, the 9th of April, 1687, in the 3rd yeare of our reigne.

By his Mates command, MIDDLETON, To our Attorney or Sollicitor General

III-Pons Culte de Protestant primary family name for 1648-1680 registry entries²⁷: agnier, ahathon, aigron, alleric, andré, arbouin, ardouin, arnaud, arnaudet, arnauld, arnauldet, audouin, auriol, aygron, aymier, babeuf, babin, baboeuf,

²⁷ Michel Chauvin, a spreadsheet extracted from the <u>Pons Culte de Protestant</u>, 1648-1680, Archives de la Charente-Maritime provided to the author. A few names that were obviously the same name spelled different ways, were combined by the author.

babou, ballanger, bardet, bardon, bare, barré, basti, baudet, baudraux, bayle, beausoleil, benilland, bernard, bernot, berthin, berthus, bertus, bessard, bezian, billeau, birard, bonhommeau, bonniot, bonpy, bossion, boucquet, bouillaud, boullanger, boullaud, bounniot, bouquet, boursicquot, boursier, bouyer, bouyet, braing, brandet, bricou, brion, briron, brison, bruing, brung, buc, bure, caddet, caillaud, calvin, carallis, cerclaud, cesteau, chabillet, chabirand, chaillon, chaillou, chastain, chastelier, chauvin, chevallier, chobellet, ciail, clerjaud, coisin, collineau, combaud, combauld, corporon, corsin, coussot, couturier, daulin, de fontaine, de mar, defontaine, delaberye, delacour, delacourt, delafont, delagarde, delamere, demontis, denezienne, denis, depon, depont, desborde, desmolins, desmontils, desmoulins, desmoulis, dessard, dexmier, doublet, douet, drapeau, draspeau, drouhel, drouhet, dubreuil, duhamel, dumas, dumorisson, dupom, dupuy, dussaud, dussauld, dussin, faure, fauton, fontainne, forcade, fore, forestier, forilliere, fort, fortin, fournier, gaillard, galliot, gardeau, garnier, gaudeau, gaultreau, gautreau, geai, geait, geay, gerbaud, gillet, girard, gobeau, gombaud, gondallier, gourdallier, gourdon, goyas, grat, gregoire, groussard, groux, guaboriau, guenon, guerin, guesdon, guillard, guillebaud, guischard, heraud, herauld, hericé, herissé, heronde, heroulde, heurtaud, hostein, imbert, izabellet, jacaud, jaccon, jacou, jacquaud, jaillet, jarroffoy, jollet, jollo, jolly, jubrot, la fauche, lafargue, lafaubhe, lafauche, landay, laurande, laurant, laurens, laurent, leger, legois, legoy, lis, maillard, marcouiller, marsault, masse, massy, maurin, mauvillain, merseron, mesnard, mesnier, mestivier, metaier, meynard, migaud, monteil, monteils, morandiere, more, moreau, morin, morrant, moré, mousnier, moussard, naugé, negrier, nouger, nougé, otage, paboul, pallettreau, panettier, parize, pascallet, pascaud, pascault, peanne, pelletreau, pellisson, perochon, petard, picgueniet, piconnet, pigueniet, pille, pillet, pinson, poirier, prenost, presteau, prestreau, prevof, prevot, prioleau, raclet, rangeard, rasclet, rassineau, ravard, regnaud, renaud, renauldet, renault, renault, richard, rivet, rocante, rollinet, rondeau, rondreau, rousseau, roussineau, roux, sarragot, sarrazin, savariau, seguin, serclaud, serizier, sinil, sorignac, sorignet, st mathieu, suron, symier, syville, tesson, texier, theraude, thibaudeau, timon(simon?), touray, tygron, vaurigaud, vazian, vergne, vernon, vezien, vorrigaud, yon.